

### Data for Policy & Planning National Patient Safety Office Perspective

Dr. Kathleen Mac Lellan, Director National Patient Safety Office





### The Case for Patient Safety

- Patient safety a global public health problem
- Global threat of antimicrobial resistance
- Avoidable harm 1/10 patient develops a healthcare acquired condition
- Avoidable deaths UK 3.6% of deaths in acute hospitals
- Increasingly complex cases/care
- Safety a prerequisite to quality patient care
- Irish Patient safety reports
- INAES baseline adverse event rate in Ireland
- Economic Cost of claims in Ireland
- OECD (2017)
  - Patient harm is estimated to be the 14th leading cause of the global disease burden.
  - Patient harm imparts a high financial cost the available evidence suggests that 15% of hospital expenditure and activity in OECD countries can be attributed to treating safety failures.



#### Patient Safety Surveillance

data, information, trends
– complaints, good
practice, incidents,
patient experience,
HCAIs, errors, staffing,
outcomes, quality.....

#### **Clinical Effectiveness**

guidelines, audit, standards

NATIONAL CLINICAL EFFECTIVENESS COMMITTEE

### Patient Safety Advocacy & Policy

legislation – licensing, open disclosure, SREs, clinical audit, patient experience, culture, complaints, advocacy service

# Patient Safety Surveillance & QA Loop



### Intended Developments in Surveillance 🔌



Interrogation of data and information through a health analytic function to produce **national patient safety profiles** (NPSPs)

- A number of data sets have been identified as potential sources of information
- Why = To inform patient safety priorities and patient safety planning and learning for the health system

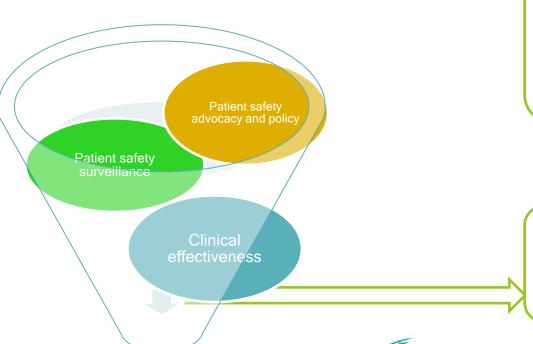




### Examples of types of existing datasets

Dataset	Type of data
NIMS	Adverse events, SREs
HIPE	Discharge data, LoS, audits, sepsis, NOCA, diagnosis, procedures
HPSC	HCAI datasets
Cancer Registry	Cancer incidence, treatment and survival
HSE PARs	Patient safety data, activity
Service regulators	Complaints trends, patient safety information
Coroner's Reports	Cause of death, patient safety recommendations
NPES	Patient feedback
National Audits	NOCA, SQI, clinical programmes

## Triangulation of data across 3 pillars of NPSO



Identify good practice, room to improve, PS Priorities

National patient safety profiles (NPSPs)



Tús Áite do Shábháilteacht Othar Patient Safety First



### **NPSPs for Service Providers**

- Address the pre-cursors of harm
- Assist service providers to recognise and predict whether harm is likely
- Support a 'problem sensing' culture
- To underpin learning and improvement





### **NPSPs for Policy & planning**



- Patient safety policy
- Patient safety leadership decisions
- Identification of clinical effectiveness requirements e.g. guidelines, audit





#### A Safety Culture

#### Clinical

e.g. VTE prevention e.g. Medication management

#### Clinical

e.g. Procedure check lists & protocols

#### Clinical

e.g. Clinical deterioration e.g. Pressure injury prevention

#### Infrastructure

e.g. Electronic Health Record systems

e.g. Clinical incident reporting

#### Organisational

e.g. Patient-engagement e.g. Clinical Governance

#### **Fundamentals**

e.g. Professional education & training e.g. public reporting of safety outcomes e.g. Safety standards; national theme-based strategies

OECD 2017, Figure 16: A systems approach to improving safety at national level.









#### Table 13. Interventions with most favourable impact and cost ratings by average impact/cost ratio (n=23)

Intervention	Avg. impact/cost ratio
3.11 VTE prevention protocols	1.88
3.6 Central line catheter insertion protocols	1.83
3.7 Ventilator-associated pneumonia minimisation protocols	1.80
3.5 Urinary catheter use and insertion protocols	1.77
3.10 Peri-operative medication protocols	1.73
3.8 Procedural / surgical checklists	1.72
3.18 Patient identification and procedure matching protocols	1.67
3.13 Pressure injury (ulcer) prevention protocols	1.67
3.17 Patient hydration and nutrition standards	1.61

Source: OECD patient safety snapshot survey, 2017







Helping people to stay healthy and well

• Immunisation rates

Cancer screening rates

Supporting people with long term conditions

Ambulatory care sensitive conditions



Helping people when they are being treated and cared for in our health services

Cancer survival rates

Cancer surgery

Acute hospital care

Supporting people to have positive experiences of health care

 Development of National Patient Experience Survey



Treating and caring for people in a safe environment

• Health care associated infection rates







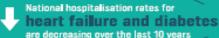
#### NATIONAL HEALTHCARE QUALITY REPORTING SYSTEM

#### AREAS OF THE HEALTH SERVICES THAT ARE PERFORMING WELL



Immunisation rates have improved in the last few years







In-hospital mortality rates following admission with a heart attack decreased by 360/n between 2006 & 2015



Survival rates for patients with breast and colorectal cancer are improving

National rates of MRSA and C. difficile infections have improved



#### HOW THIS COMPARES TO THE NECD AVERAGE:



BE CECD 6,4% 8%

**Hospitalisation** 

Women aged 50-60 have lower uptake rates for

#### AREAS WHERE THERE IS ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

The proportion of cases undergoing hip surgery

within the recommended two days varies between individual hospitals



The rate of caesarean sections varies between

individual hospitals



Survival rates

than the 25-49 age group HOW THIS COMPARES TO THE

#### OECD AVERAGE:

cervical cancer screening

Survival rates for colorectal concer **Wait time within** 

BE 6ECD 82% 81%



Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) hospitalisation rates are the highest of all **OECD** countries

### Uses of the NHQRS Report

- Patients and the public to access health information about their own county, their local health services, and the hospitals they attend.
- Healthcare providers to examine how their organisation or service is performing and allows comparison to other similar services.
- Policy makers can use this report to compare performance of Irish health services with health services in other countries.

### NPSO 2017/2018

- Full establishment of NPSO (including surveillance function)
- Programme of Legislation
  - Open Disclosure
  - Hospital Licensing (public & private)
  - Health Information and Patient Safety Bill
- Policy for Patient Safety Complaints and Advocacy
  - National Patient Advocacy Service & Review of Complaints Management
  - Targeted and public consultation underway
- Ireland's Action Plan for AMR
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report NHQRS
- National Patient Experience Survey (HIQA, HSE, DoH)
- National Patient Safety Advisory Council
- NCEC
  - Extension of guideline and audit suite
  - PPI
  - HRB CICER

### Opportunities to embed a patient safety culture

- ABF, Commissioning models
- HSE National Service Plans, Operational Plans
- HSE Accountability framework
- Policy e.g. Maternity & Cancer Strategies, NPSO
- Regulation service & professional
- Legislation
- Education, CPD





### Website:

